

# **EPISODE 21 | 1808: SARAH**

Unit focus: History Year level: Years 3–6

**EPISODE CLIP: SARAH'S LIFE** 

## **ACTIVITY 1: FEMALE FACTORIES**

Subthemes: Gender roles and stereotypes; Historical events; Social order and education

Women were among the convicts sent to Australia during the transportation period. Many had been committed for petty theft from their employers in England, and they typically received sentences of 7 or 14 years. Female convicts arriving in the penal colony were assigned as domestic servants to free settlers or sent to female factories. There, women were separated into three classes according to their crime: a punishment class, whose members served periods in solitary cells; a crime class, incarcerated within the prison; and a hiring class, waiting to be appointed to service on local properties.

#### **Discover**

- As a class, research the role of female factories within the transportation system. Begin research
  by asking students what they already know about female factories and the transportation of
  women convicts. Record all facts, data and information already known and ask students to enter
  these in the K column of the KWHL chart in the Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Female factories.
- Ask students what they would like to learn about female factories. Record all questions, concerns, uncertainties and opinions in question form, and ask students to enter these in the W column of the KWHL chart in the Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Female factories.
- Ask students to generate ideas about the possible sources of information they might find to answer these questions. Record these and ask students to enter them in the H column of the KWHL chart in the Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Female factories.
- Allow students, working in pairs or individually, to research the questions asked by the class.
   Students should record the information they find and the sources they use. Students can conduct research in the school or local library, or online. As a starting point, teachers can refer to the resources listed below:
  - 1 Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities, 'Cascades Female Factory', http://www.environment.gov.au/heritage/places/national/cascade-female-factory/information.html
  - 2 Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/



- 3 Historic Houses Trust, 'Why were Convicts Transported to Australia?', http://www.hht.net.au/discover/highlights/kids\_fact\_sheets/why\_were\_convicts\_transported\_t o\_australia
- 4 National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx
- 5 Tasmania Parks and Wildlife Service, 'Ross Female Factory: Archaeology', http://www.parks.tas.gov.au/index.aspx?base=7566
- Ask students to spend some time reflecting on what they have learned during the course of their research, and find out whether any questions remain unanswered. Their reflections should be recorded in the L column of the KWHL chart in the Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Female factories.

#### Reflect

 Ask students to design a brochure or website which could be used as information for a guided tour of a female factory. This should contain historical information, illustrations/images, a map of the facility, contact details and testimonials, among other features.

### **Download**

Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Female factories

# Aligned resources

Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities, 'Cascades Female Factory', http://www.environment.gov.au/heritage/places/national/cascade-female-factory/information.html

Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/ Historic Houses Trust, 'Why were Convicts Transported to Australia?',

http://www.hht.net.au/discover/highlights/kids\_fact\_sheets/why\_were\_convicts\_transported\_to\_austra lia

National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx

Tasmania Parks and Wildlife Service, 'Ross Female Factory: Archaeology', http://www.parks.tas.gov.au/index.aspx?base=7566

### Useful resources from Education Services Australia

R11437 'Bound for Botany Bay' - transportation of convicts to New South Wales



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Student Activity Sheet H21.1 Activity 1: Female factories Episode 21: 1808: Sarah Clip: Sarah's life

## **Female factories**

As a class, consider what you already know and what you want to know about female factories in the early 19th century. Discuss and decide on ways you will find answers to your questions, for example, researching websites. Fill in this KWHL chart, leaving the L column blank until you have finished your research.

| K                   | W                   | Н                    | L                       |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| What I <b>k</b> now | What I want to know | How will I find out? | What have I<br>learned? |
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2 Research information about the female factories that were set up in the early years of the New South Wales settlement. Find out some facts, take notes and summarise the information you have found in the table below. Find information to complete the L column in the KWHL chart in Question 1.

| Facts about female factories | Websites and resources used |
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## **EPISODE CLIP: SARAH'S LIFE**

## **ACTIVITY 2: ASSIGNED LABOUR**

Subthemes: Character; Chores, business and employment; Social order and education

Many female convicts escaped the hard life in the female factories as assigned domestic servants within the households of free settlers. Sarah in Episode 21 of *My Place* has found herself in such a position. The work that assigned convicts carried out depended on the needs of their master or mistress. Some cleared land, removed tree stumps and constructed buildings, while others looked after animals, tended crops or served in the house. Work for assigned convicts took up the whole week, although officially Saturday afternoon was set aside as free time for the convicts to tend to their own essential chores and to grow food.

## **Discover**

As a class, ask students to list the work that Sarah is expected to do each day. Ask them to note
the types of technologies and materials she uses to complete her work, for example, broom,
scrubber and washboard.

In pairs, have students research the jobs which assigned convicts could be given. Students can conduct research in the school or local library, or online.

The following websites may be useful:

- 1 Convict Trail, 'Assignment of Convicts', http://www.convicttrail.org/history.php?id=a3b2c1%f%3
- 2 Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/
- 3 Historic Houses Trust, 'A Day in the Life of a Convict', http://www.hht.net.au/discover/highlights/kids\_fact\_sheets/a\_day\_in\_the\_life\_of\_a\_convict
- 4 National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx
- Compare these jobs with 10 jobs that the students' family members would perform in their work.
   Students can interview their family members to complete the list.

### Reflect

Ask students to write a diary entry for a day in Sarah's life. They should include everything that
they would be required to do within one 24-hour period. They should also write about how they
feel about performing these chores and their aspirations for the future.

### **Download**

Student Activity Sheet H21.2 Assigned labour



# Aligned resources

Convict Trail, 'Assignment of Convicts', http://www.convicttrail.org/history.php?id=a3b2c1%f%3 Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/Historic Houses Trust, 'A Day in the Life of a Convict',

http://www.hht.net.au/discover/highlights/kids\_fact\_sheets/a\_day\_in\_the\_life\_of\_a\_convict National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx



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Student Activity Sheet H21.2 Activity 2: Assigned labour Episode 21: 1808: Sarah Clip: Sarah's life

# **Assigned labour**

- 1 Watch *My Place* Episode 21 | 1808: Sarah and carefully take notes to help you write a list of the typical jobs that assigned female convicts had to do on a daily basis. Include the types of equipment and materials you saw Sarah use to complete her work, for example, broom, scrubber, washboard.
- 2 Compare these jobs with 10 jobs that your parents or other family members perform in their work. Interview your family members to complete the list.

| Sarah's jobs | Your family members' jobs |
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3 Write a diary entry for a day in Sarah's life. You should include everything that you would be required to do within one 24-hour period. You should also write about how you feel about performing these chores and your hopes and plans for the future.

| Dear Diary, |  |  |
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## **EPISODE CLIP: A FEMALE GAOL**

## **ACTIVITY 3: PUNISHMENT FOR CONVICTS**

Subthemes: Culture; Historical events

What punishment could be used to deter convicts who had already been transported to the colony from committing further misdemeanours? Convicts who perpetrated crimes in the colony could be flogged, but floggings were not as arbitrarily meted out as is popularly thought. In *My Place* Episode 21 | 1808: Sarah, Mrs Owen and her daughter Alice often threaten Sarah with being sent back to Sydney Town if she is disobedient or does something wrong. If assigned convicts like Sarah committed crimes or tried to run away, they could be returned to government control and would probably then be put to work in leg-irons as part of a road gang or sent to a penal colony such as those at Newcastle or Port Macquarie. The worst cases were sent to Norfolk Island settlement.

#### **Discover**

 Ask students to research the punishments that were used to keep the convicts in check. Students should list at least four forms of punishment, detailing descriptions and images of these punishments. Some punishments to start with are the stocks, cat-of-nine-tail floggings and solitary confinement, among others.

The following websites may be useful:

- 1 Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/
- 2 National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx
- Ask students to research some of the common crimes of the 19th century and list the punishments that were typically imposed for each type of crime.
- Ask students to fill in the Y-chart in the Student Activity Sheet H21.3 Punishment for convicts for one of the forms of punishment they have researched.

*Note to teachers:* these activities may not be suitable for younger primary students due to the graphic nature of the content being discussed. Please use your discretion.

### Reflect

- Ask students to imagine they are writing to the local newspaper arguing for better treatment of convicts. Have students brainstorm everything they know about convict treatment.
- Then conduct a debate with different class members forming the speakers for both sides: those for better treatment of convicts and those against better treatment.

## **Download**

Student Activity Sheet H21.3 Punishment for convicts



# Aligned resources

Female Convicts Research Group (Tasmania), http://www.femaleconvicts.org.au/ National Archives of Australia, 'Women Transported: Myth and Reality', http://www.naa.gov.au/whats-on/audio/women-transported.aspx

## **Useful resources from Education Services Australia**

R3579 'Relics of convict discipline', c1911-15



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Student Activity Sheet H21.3 Activity 3: Punishment for convicts Episode 21: 1808: Sarah Clip: A female gaol

# **Punishment for convicts**

1 Read about the forms of punishment that were used to deter convicts from

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2 Select one form of punishment you have been reading about. Fill in the Y-chart below for that form of punishment.

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| Smells / sounds like   |                  | Feels like |

3 Research some of the common crimes of the 19th century and list in the table below the punishments that were typically imposed for each type of crime.

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| Crime | Punishment |
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4 Imagine that you are writing to the local newspaper arguing about the treatment of convicts. Choose whether you are for or against the better treatment of convicts and write a letter stating your point of view.

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## **EPISODE CLIP: A FEMALE GAOL**

## ACTIVITY 4: THE PARRAMATTA FEMALE FACTORY

Subthemes: Culture; Historical events; Politics

The Parramatta Female Factory, a 'special gaol for women and girls', was established in 1821. It replaced Australia's first female factory, the 'factory above the gaol', which was also located in Parramatta, and it was designed to accommodate up to 300 women, combining elements of a prison, a factory and a workhouse. During its history, the precinct of the Parramatta Female Factory has accommodated an asylum, an orphanage, a girls' home and a women's prison. The precinct is located in present day Fleet Street, Parramatta, NSW, and a campaign has been launched to list the area as a National Heritage site.

### **Discover**

- Ask students to research the history of the use of the site of the Parramatta Female Factory.
   Students can create a timeline of the use of the site. Students can conduct research in the school or local library, or online. As a starting point, teachers can refer to the resources listed below:
  - 1 Free Settler or Felon?, 'Parramatta Female Factory', http://www.jenwilletts.com/female\_factory\_parramatta.htm
  - 2 Parramatta Female Factory Precinct, http://www.parragirls.org.au/

### Reflect

Ask students to pretend they are addressing a committee formed to decide whether the Parramatta Female Factory Precinct in Fleet Street, Parramatta, should be designated a National Heritage site. In small groups, they must create a short presentation, accompanied by a slideshow or a poster, explaining the historical importance of the site and why the committee should support National Heritage listing.

#### **Download**

Student Activity Sheet H21.4: The Parramatta Female Factory

# Aligned resources

Free Settler or Felon?, 'Parramatta Female Factory', http://www.jenwilletts.com/female\_factory\_parramatta.htm Parramatta Female Factory Precinct, http://www.parragirls.org.au/



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Student Activity Sheet H21.4 Activity 4: The Parramatta Female Factory Episode 21: 1808: Sarah Clip: A female gaol

|   | The Parramatta Female Factory   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | Research the history of the use of the site of the Parramatta Female Factory.  Create a timeline of the use of the site using the timeline below.   |  |
| 2 | Pretend you have been chosen to speak to a committee formed to decide whether the Parramatta Female Factory Precinct in Fleet Street, Parramatta, should be designated a National Heritage site. Create a short presentation, accompanied by PowerPoint slides or a poster, explaining the historical importance of the site and why the committee should support National Heritage listing. Draft your presentation below. |  |
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## **EPISODE CLIP: SEASHELLS**

## **ACTIVITY 5: THE MACQUARIE COLLECTOR'S CHEST**

Subthemes: Culture

For early European visitors, Australian fauna and flora were strange and exotic. It was with wonder and excitement that scientists collected natural history specimens which exemplified the vast array of new life to be discovered on the southern continent. The Macquarie Collector's Chest, acquired by the State Library of New South Wales in 2004, is a fascinating cultural artefact used to display a collection of such specimens, including insects, butterflies, birds and seashells that were found in the colony. It includes 13 paintings of fauna and colonial landscapes, two of which depict Indigenous Australians in a naturalistic way. The chest, finely crafted and decorated, serves to remind us of the marvel and delight experienced by early European settlers when encountering the natural life of the Great South Land for the first time.

#### **Discover**

- Ask students to explore the Macquarie Collector's Chest. The State Library of New South Wales
  provides a number of useful digital resources relating to the chest including the following:
  - 1 a full description of the chest: State Library of New South Wales, 'Collection Record: the Macquarie Collector's Chest', http://acms.sl.nsw.gov.au/item/itemDetailPaged.aspx?itemID=442725
  - 2 a digital album displaying photos of the chest: State Library of New South Wales, 'Album the Macquarie Collector's Chest', http://acms.sl.nsw.gov.au/album/albumView.aspx?acmsID=442725&itemID=823397
  - an online exhibition relating to the chest and exhibition guide: State Library of New South Wales, 'Exotica: the Macquarie Collector's Chest', http://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/events/exhibitions/2006/chest/index.html; http://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/events/exhibitions/2006/chest/docs/exoticaguide.pdf.
- Discuss with students what specimens were included in the chest and how these were arranged.
- Discuss with students what the reactions of the Europeans to seeing such creatures as the kangaroo, koala, wombat and platypus would have been like. Facilitate a hot-seat role-play where the students pretend to be scientists or botanists of the time and answer questions from the class on their findings.

#### Reflect

Ask students to select a drawer from within the Macquarie Collector's Chest. Ask them to pretend
that they are an English visitor to Australia in the early 19th century and to write a letter describing
the specimens in the drawer to someone at home in England who has never seen Australian
fauna before.

### **Download**

Student Activity Sheet H21.5 The Macquarie Collector's Chest



# Aligned resources

State Library of New South Wales, 'Collection Record: the Macquarie Collector's Chest', http://acms.sl.nsw.gov.au/item/itemDetailPaged.aspx?itemID=442725
State Library of New South Wales, 'Album: the Macquarie Collector's Chest', http://acms.sl.nsw.gov.au/album/albumView.aspx?acmsID=442725&itemID=823397
State Library of New South Wales, 'Exotica: the Macquarie Collector's Chest Exhibition', http://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/events/exhibitions/2006/chest/index.html
State Library of New South Wales, 'Exotica: the Macquarie Collector's Chest Guide', http://www.sl.nsw.gov.au/events/exhibitions/2006/chest/docs/exoticaguide.pdf



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Student Activity Sheet H21.5 Activity 5: The Macquarie Collector's Chest Episode 21 | 1808: Sarah Clip: Seashells

## The Macquarie Collector's Chest

- View the images of the Macquarie Collector's Chest, which are available online at http://acms.sl.nsw.gov.au/album/albumView.aspx?acmsID=442725&itemID=8233 97. Choose a drawer containing animal specimens that you find particularly interesting.
- 2 Pretend you are a visitor to Australia who has arrived from England in the early 19th century. Write a letter using the template below, describing the specimens in the drawer to someone at home in England who has never seen Australian fauna before.

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|     | Yours sincerely, |
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## **EPISODE CLIP: SEASHELLS**

## **ACTIVITY 6: A CLASSLESS SOCIETY?**

Subthemes: Culture; Social order and education

In this clip, Alice is keen to put Sarah in her place as a servant who must obey the commands of her mistress. Alice's attitude reflects a class-based society very much in evidence in Britain during the 18th and 19th centuries. Many Australians today value their lack of an 'upper class' and a 'lower class' as a definitive value of the nation. A lack of class distinction among Australians struck DH Lawrence when he visited the country in the 1920s, and a levelling tendency clearly characterised cricketer Dennis Lillee's famous greeting to the Queen when he shook her hand with "G'day, how ya goin'?". Some social commentators and historians trace this ideal of egalitarianism back to Australia's convict heritage. However, while this is an ideal considered central to Australian identity, can Australia really be described as a classless society?

#### Discover

- Ask students to consider what is understood by the term 'classless society' and which features of Australian society might be considered a part of this idea. You might like to stimulate class discussion by drawing on the following resource:
  - 1 Smith, B. The Australian 23 January 2010. *In A Class of Our Own*, http://www.babettesmith.com/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=7&Itemid=9
- Ask students to research Australian history and nominate an event or events where Australians
  fought to retain an egalitarian disposition, for example, the Eureka Stockade, the
  shearers'/miners' strikes and the Aboriginal tent embassy. Ask students if they feel that all people
  in Australia have the same rights and privileges as everyone else.

#### Reflect

- Ask students to consider whether they agree with the statement 'Australia is a classless society'.
   Mark out a straight line along the classroom floor and place markers (for example A for 'Agree', D for 'Disagree') at either end of the line. Mark the midpoint of the line as the 'Undecided' area. Ask students to position themselves along the line according to their belief in the statement.
- As a freeze-frame exercise, ask students to provide brief explanations of why they have assumed
  the position they have chosen. The teacher touches the shoulder of each student who then
  speaks about their views. The student could take the role of a worker in society and present their
  opinion.
- Students can then move again to reflect their changing views.



## **Download**

Student Activity Sheet: H21.6: A classless society?

# Aligned resources

Smith, B. The Australian 23 January 2010. *In A Class of Our Own*, http://www.babettesmith.com/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=7&Itemid=9



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Student Activity Sheet H21.6 Activity 6: A classless society? Episode 21 | 1808: Sarah Clip: Seashells

# A classless society?

| Define the term 'classless society'.   |
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|  |
| Which features of Australian society might be considered as having an associated class? Do you feel that Australian society could be considered classless? |
|  |
| Nominate an event where Australians fought to retain the principle of a classles society.  |
|  |
| Do you feel that the same rights and privileges are extended equally to all peop in Australia?   |
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